### PROJECT SUMMARY

### I. INTRODUCTION

The City of Fairfield has submitted an application for renewal of their federally enforceable state operating permit covering an electric power plant with three motor driven generators. This permit prevents the site from being classified as a major source of emissions under the Clean Air Act. Therefore, the City does not have to obtain a federal permit under the Clean Air Act Permit Program. The renewed permit would contain limitations and accompanying recordkeeping and reporting requirements to assure that the site is operated as a non-major source.

### II. SOURCE DESCRIPTION

These three generators are used by the City of Fairfield to generate electrical power for the community during peak demand periods which usually occur during the summer months. Each generator consists of a reciprocating engine which drives an electric generator by means of a rotating shaft. The reciprocating engines are driven by the combustion of diesel fuel.

### II. EMISSIONS

Air pollutants are generated when the reciprocating engines are in operation. These emissions occur from the combustion of diesel fuel and are exhausted through a pipe to a vent located on the roof.

The primary air pollutants from the reciprocating engines are nitrogen oxide (NO $_{\rm x}$ ), carbon monoxide (CO), volatile organic material (VOM), sulfur dioxide (SO $_{\rm 2}$ ), and particulate matter (PM).

 $NO_{\rm x}$  is formed thermally by the combination of oxygen and nitrogen in the air at the temperature at which the fuel is burned. CO, VOM, and PM are formed from incomplete combustion of the fuel. Emissions of  $SO_2$  are found in varying amounts from the combustion of diesel fuel, depending on the sulfur content of the oil.

The proposed permit includes limitations that restrict the potential annual emissions of  $NO_x$ , CO, VOM, and  $SO_2$  to levels below major source thresholds.

# IV. APPLICABLE EMISSION STANDARDS

All emission sources in Illinois must comply with the Illinois Pollution Control Board's emission standards. The Board's emission standards represent the basic requirements for sources in Illinois. The Board has standards for sources of particulate matter, volatile organic material, and sulfur dioxide for reciprocating engines. This site readily complies with those Board standards.

# V. PROPOSED PERMIT

The conditions of the proposed permit contain limitations and requirements to assure that this site will be operated as a non-major source. The permit establishes limitations on the amount of fuel which may be burned. The City of Fairfield is committing to burn very low sulfur oil. This would allow an increase in the amount of fuel which may be burned, without any increase in the allowed emissions.

The permit conditions also establish appropriate compliance procedures, including record keeping requirements and reporting requirements. The city must carry out these procedures on a continual basis to demonstrate that the generators are operating within the limitations established by the permit.

# VI. REQUEST FOR COMMENTS

It is the Illinois EPA's preliminary determination that these generators meet all applicable state and federal air pollution control requirements, subject to the conditions of the draft permit. The Illinois EPA is therefore proposing to issue a permit with federally enforceable limits for the above referenced equipment to the City of Fairfield.

Comments are requested on this proposed action by the Illinois EPA and the proposed conditions on the draft permit. Comments, questions, and information requests should be directed to Youra Benofamil at the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, 1021 North Grand Avenue, East, P.O. Box 19506, Springfield, Illinois, 62794-9506: Phone 217/782-2113. If there is significant public interest in this matter, the Illinois EPA may hold a public hearing in accordance with 35 Ill. Adm. Code Part 166

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